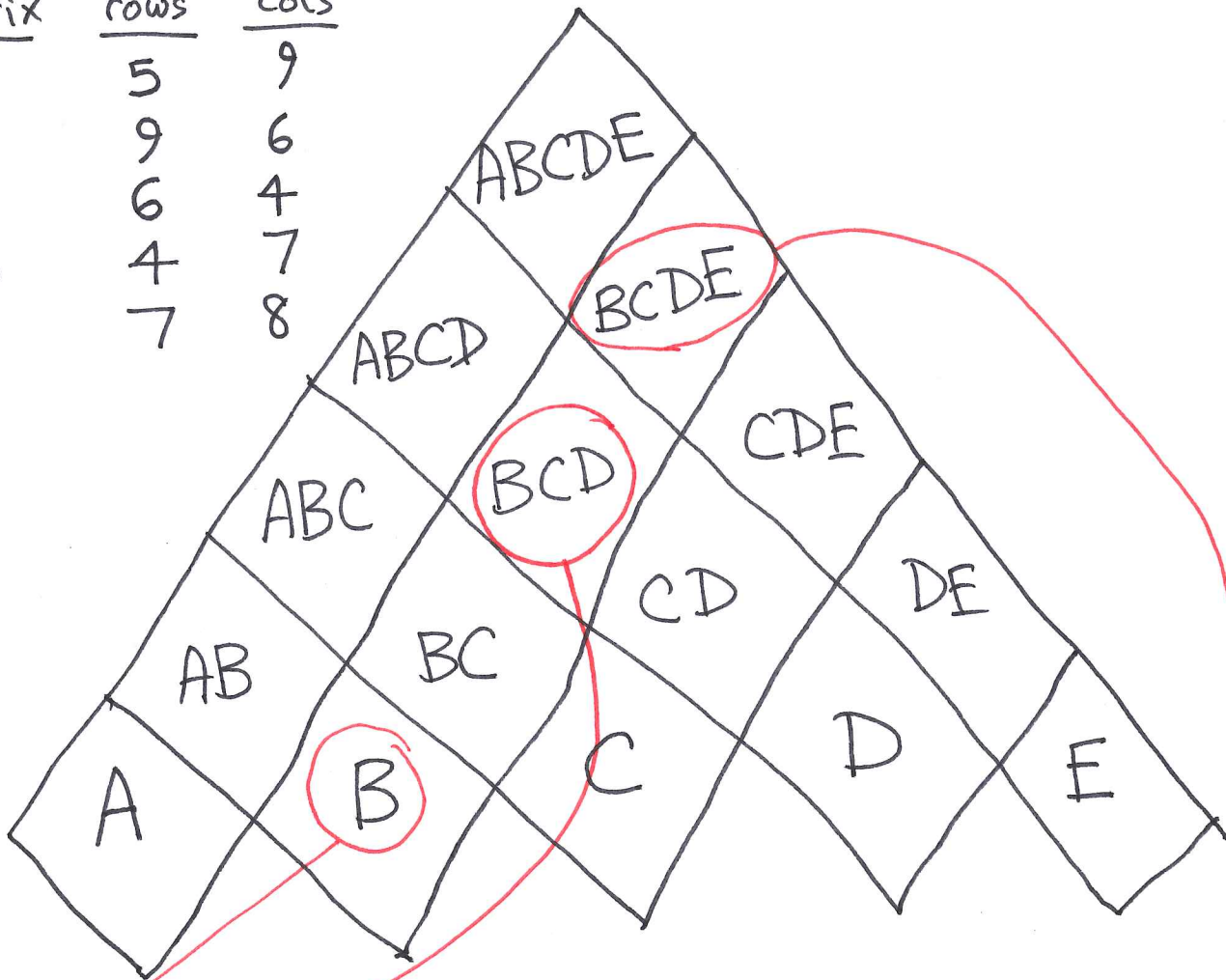


Matrix	size	
	rows	cols
A	5	9
B	9	6
C	6	4
D	4	7
E	7	8



This square BCD contains the minimum number of operations required to produce the matrix  $B \times C \times D$

~~whether~~ This one contains the same for BCDE,  $\text{mincost}(BCDE)$

BCDE can be calculated as  $B \times (CDE)$   
 or  $(BC) \times (DE)$   
 or  $(BCD) \times E$

$\text{mincost}(B) = 0$  because it is given as an input.

so  $\text{mincost}(BCDE) = \text{the smallest out of}$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{mincost}(B) + \text{mincost}(CDE) + \text{cost of multiplying } B \text{ by } CDE \\ \text{from table} + \text{from table} + 9 \times 6 \times 8 \end{array} \right.$$

or

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{mincost}(BC) + \text{mincost}(DE) + \text{cost of multiplying } BC \text{ by } DE \\ \text{from table} + \text{from table} + 9 \times 4 \times 8 \end{array} \right.$$

or

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{mincost}(BCD) + \text{mincost}(E) + \text{cost of multiplying } BCD \text{ by } E \\ \text{from table} + \text{from table} + 9 \times 7 \times 8 \end{array} \right.$$

How can the table be implemented?

Quick way - a 5 row 5 column array  
but you can think of something better

say A is matrix 0, B is matrix 1, ..., E is matrix 4

Array[r][c] contains  $\text{mincost}(\text{Matrix } r \times \dots \times \text{matrix } c)$   
when  $r \leq c$

so  $\text{mincost}(BCDE)$  is stored at Array[1][4]  
1 2 3 4

$\text{mincost}(CD)$  is stored at Array[2][3]  
2 3

etc